

ANCCLI : a national network to discuss about Transparency and nuclear safety

Public involvement on emergency measures

French experiences



ANCCLI and CLIs are neutral stakeholders

it's a long way to promote and enhance the role of civil society

- Creation of CLIs in 1981 in application of a circular from the Prime Minister
- CLIs were officially recognized by the TSN Act which provides a legal basis. It is confirmed by the new law on energy (TECV)
- CLIs are under the supervision of the departemental council which does not intervene in nuclear safety control (ASN prerogative)
- ANCCLI is the national representation of CLIs

Mission

- Article 22 of TSN act:

“(...) a local information committee is (...) tasked with a general follow-up, information and consultation mission in the field of nuclear safety, radioprotection and the impact of nuclear activities on persons and the environment as far as the site installations are concerned.”

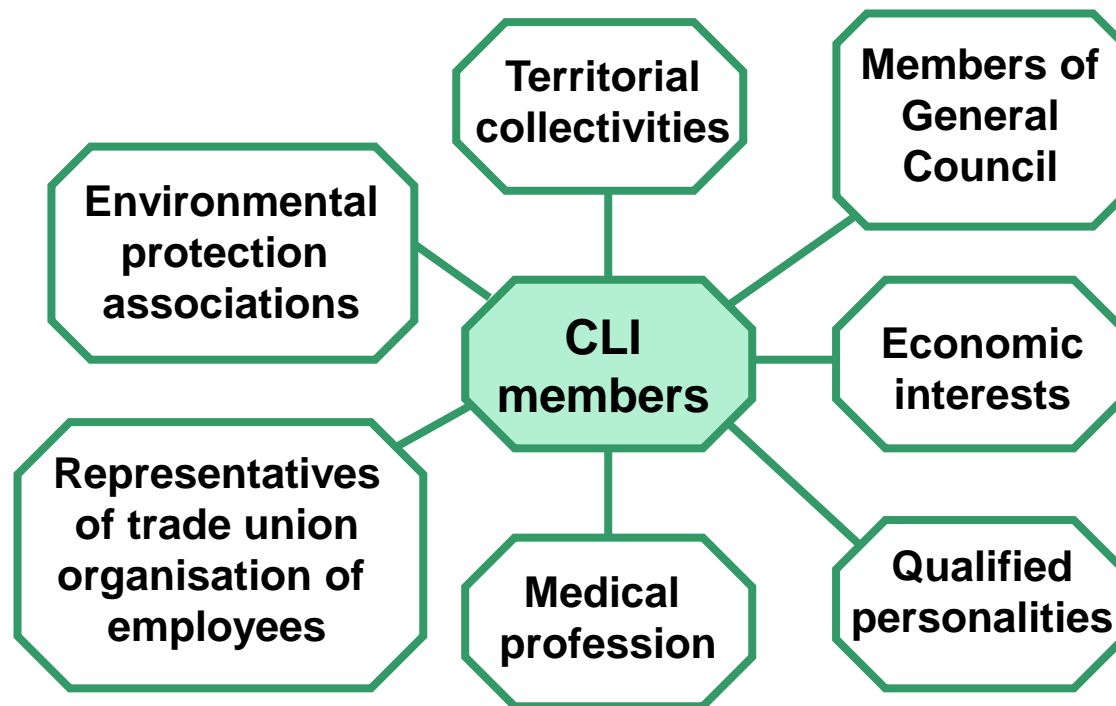


23rd CLI conference

Local Commissions of Information (CLI)

Represent a diversity of contexts and experiences

They address a variety of issues linked to the safety of nuclear sites and their impacts



Representatives of ASN, other bodies of the State and operators have access to the work done by the CLI

How CLIs are working? Few examples



Meetings



Public meetings



Magazine



Visits



Newsletter



Séminars



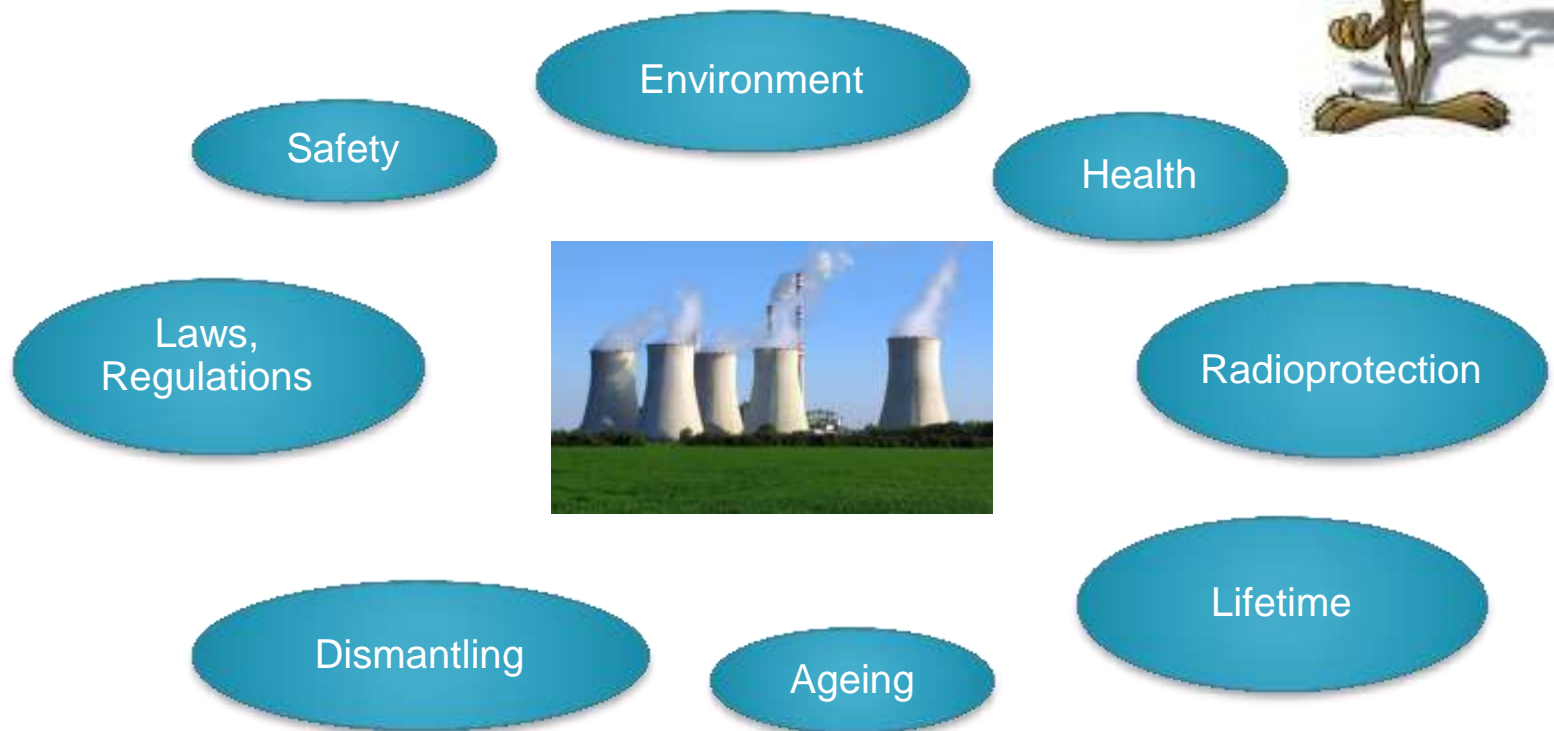
Working Groups

Public Communication on Nuclear Emergencies - 04 mars - Bruxelles

Transparence
Information
Echange



Nuclear activities : complex and sensitive subjects



Let's speak about Public involvement on emergency planning



Tchernobyl ? Nos voisins n'ont vraiment pas eu de chance !

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During the emergency phase.... What behavior should the population have?

**...Should I stay?
Should I go? ...**



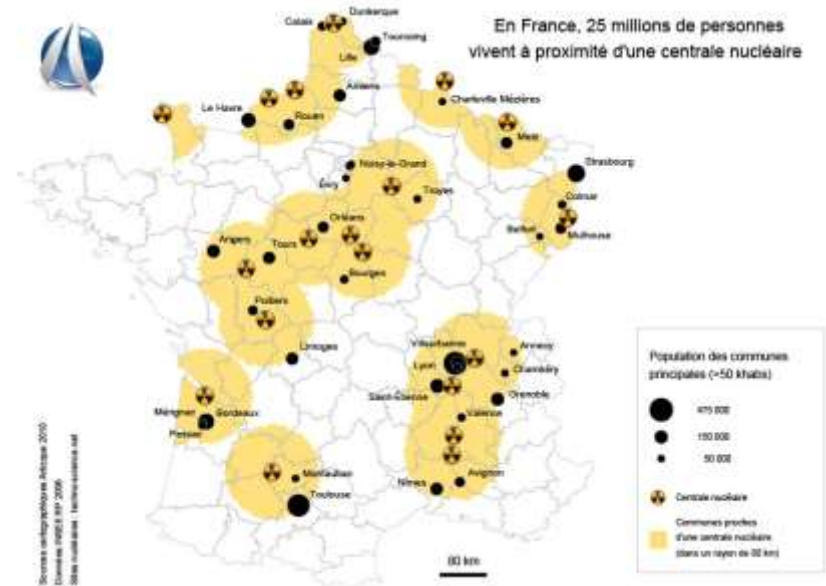
**Famous song « The Clash »
« Should I stay or should I go »**



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What is the perception of a nuclear emergency?

□ To the question : « if a nuclear accident occurs, What is the good safety distance to be observed to protect population ? », the majority of french people answer a distance greater than 300km!!!!



We want to involve public participation in emergency planning and an appropriate communication????



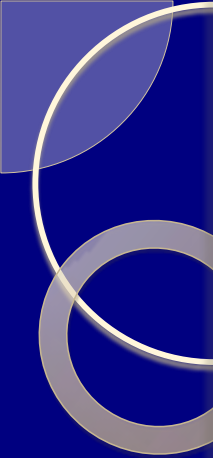
Public need confidence and transparency

Civil society is
an essential
actor in
nuclear safety



Needs :

- Trust
- Information
- Transparency
- Concertation
- ...



La Convention d'Aarhus (art. 5.1 c.) : In the event of any imminent threat to human health or the environment, whether caused by human activities or due to natural causes, all information which could enable the public to take measures to prevent or mitigate harm arising from the threat and is held by a public authority is disseminated immediately and without delay to members of the public who may be affected..».

More interactions with the public in «peace time» = more you develop its confidence

Example of actions

- Necessity to educate population and develop a « risk culture »
- Necessity to include «a largest living area around nuclear activities» (REX Fukushima) in emergency planning (Gravelines = 25 000 and CUD = 300 000)
- Necessity to involve civil society in emergency plans updates and during crisis exercises
- ...



Works of CLIs and ANCCLI (1/2)

Development of citizen expertise

- ❑ Creation of the post-accident group of ANCCLI (GPPA)
- ❑ Redaction of a White paper intitled « Nuclear : crisis and post-accident management at local level and role of CLIs »
- ❑ ANCCLI launched 2 expertises on emergency plans wich lot of recommandations (PPI at 80km, considering the spontaneous departure of population and evaluate evacuation time, strengthening cross-border coopération to harmonize practices)
- ❑ Julie et Martin : cartoon about « nuclear and protection measures »



Works of CLIs and ANCCLI (2/2)

Active participation in emergency planning

- Members of CLIs participate in nuclear emergency exercises (every 3 years) – REX of CLIs' participation
- Participation in campaigns of iodine tablets distribution – Aim to develop a cultur of radioprotection
- CLI are consulted for emergency plans updates

Listen TO citizens EXPECTATIONS...

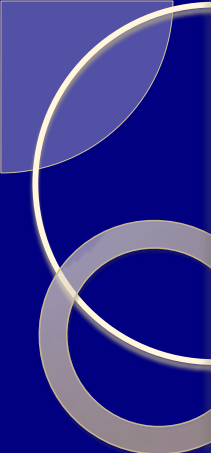
...AND UNDERSTAND THEM



It is urgent to develop a risk culture

Citizen has to become a responsible actor
(give them the tools to be responsible)





Conclusions of the Council of the European Union on Off-site nuclear emergency preparedness and response

STRESSING the benefits of involving civil society

In preparedness activities, in particular during nuclear
emergency exercises, to increase transparency and
public participation, and to improve
public confidence in the arrangements,

Report of Belgium High Health Council

The High Health Council advocates a transparent and structured communication process and (such french CLI) on nuclear safety issues, and on emergency plans

All stakeholders, including population must participate in a legal framework

This participatory approach improves the quality of vulnerability analyzes, highlights concerns of citizens and allows people to react in case of accident.

...

Thank's for your attention



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